

A Pathway to Thickness
Measurement
Digitalisation

(inductosense)

INTRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY APPLICATIONS CONTACT

#### Who We Are

UK-based technology developer, specialising in ultrasonic solutions for monitoring internal corrosion and erosion.

#### **How We Work**

We work directly with end users, or through partners who install our technology, and can also provide service offerings around it.

#### What We Do

We design, develop and manufacture WAND solutions, designed to make wall thickness monitoring simpler, safer, and more cost effective.

#### Our clients include:















#### **Our History**

2015

2017



Inductosense founded

founded

2018



Product Launch

2022



Launch of our WAND-RDC



Investment secured

2018



ISO9001:2015 Achieved

2023

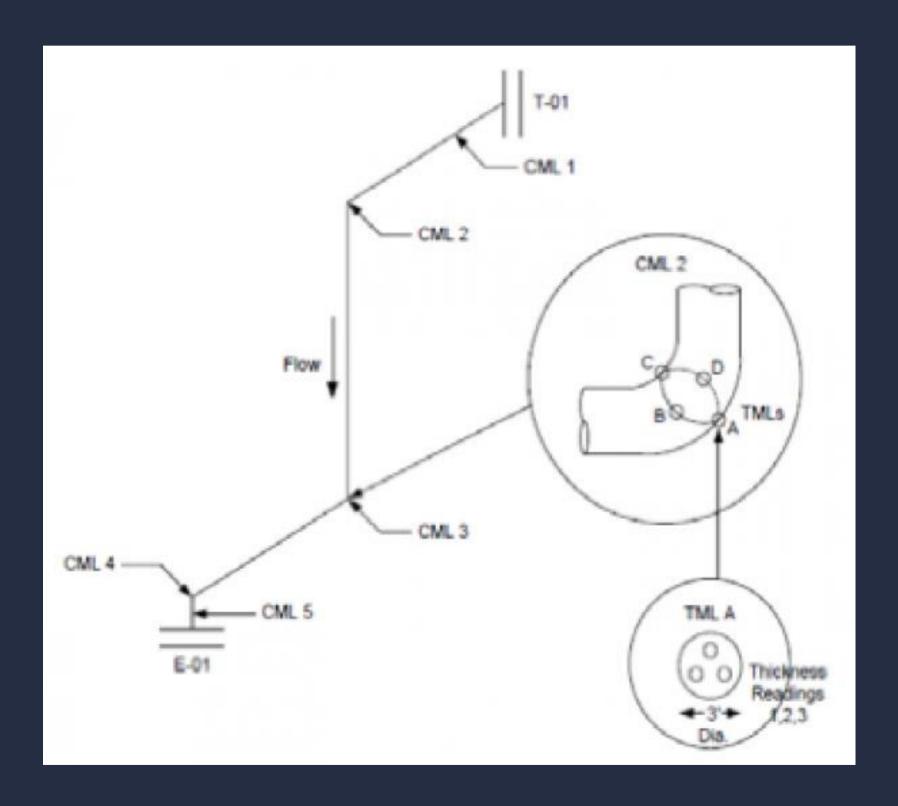


Investment from Saudi Aramco

- Name: Erik Fabre
- Company: Inductosense
- Title: Head of R&D projects
- Experience: 8 Years in the Industry
- Specialty: Corrosion Monitoring, Ultrasonic testing, applications and product development

## Thickness Measurement

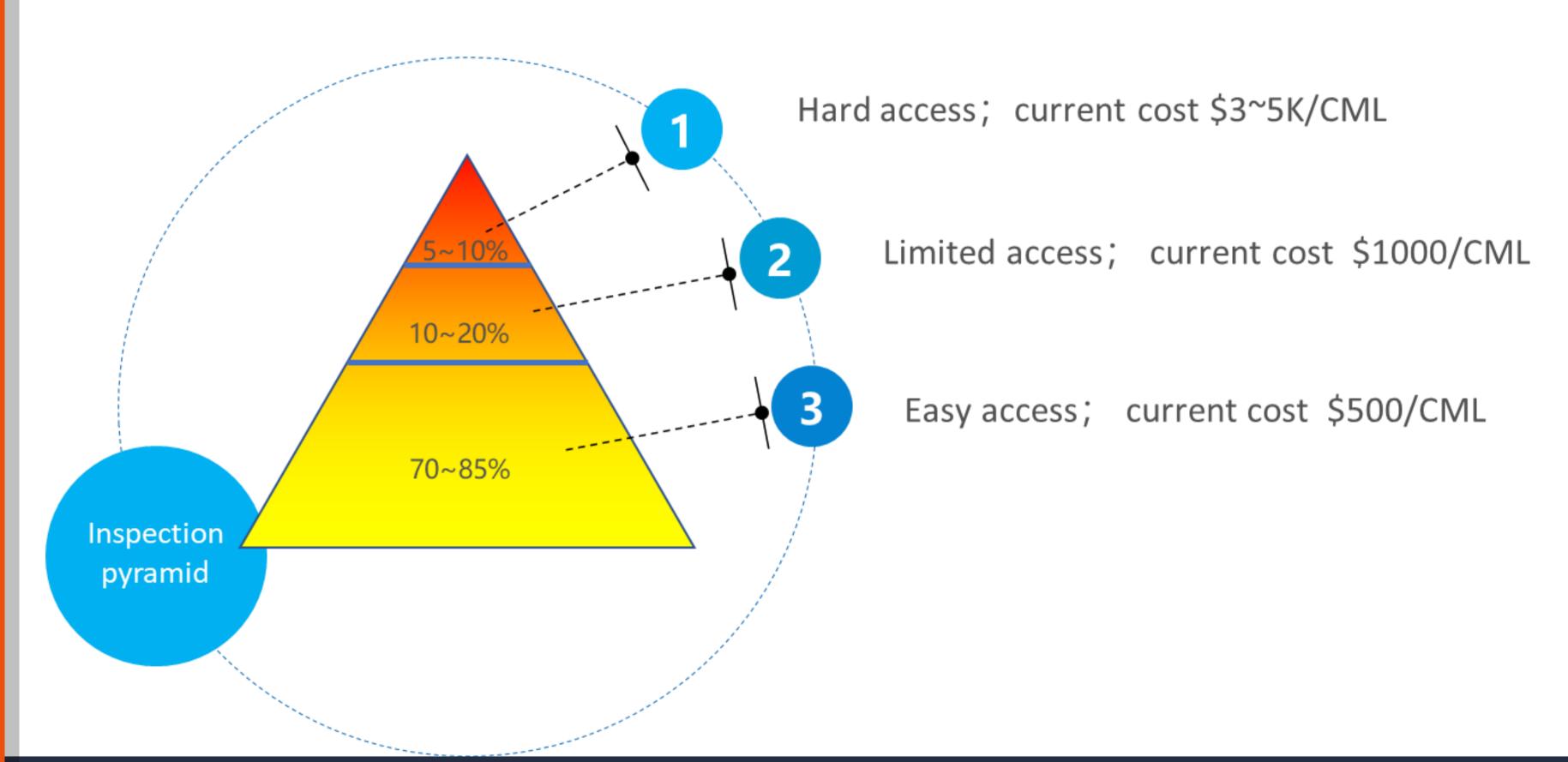
- CMLs: corrosion monitoring locations
- o 100,000 CMLs at a typical refinery
- o 20,000 CMLs at a typical offshore platform
- TMLs: thickness measurement locations
- Multiple TMLs within CMLs
- Significant TMLs across the assets
- Thickness readings
- A single ultrasonic testing (UT) measurement
- One of the biggest data sets to digitalise



**INTRODUCTION** 

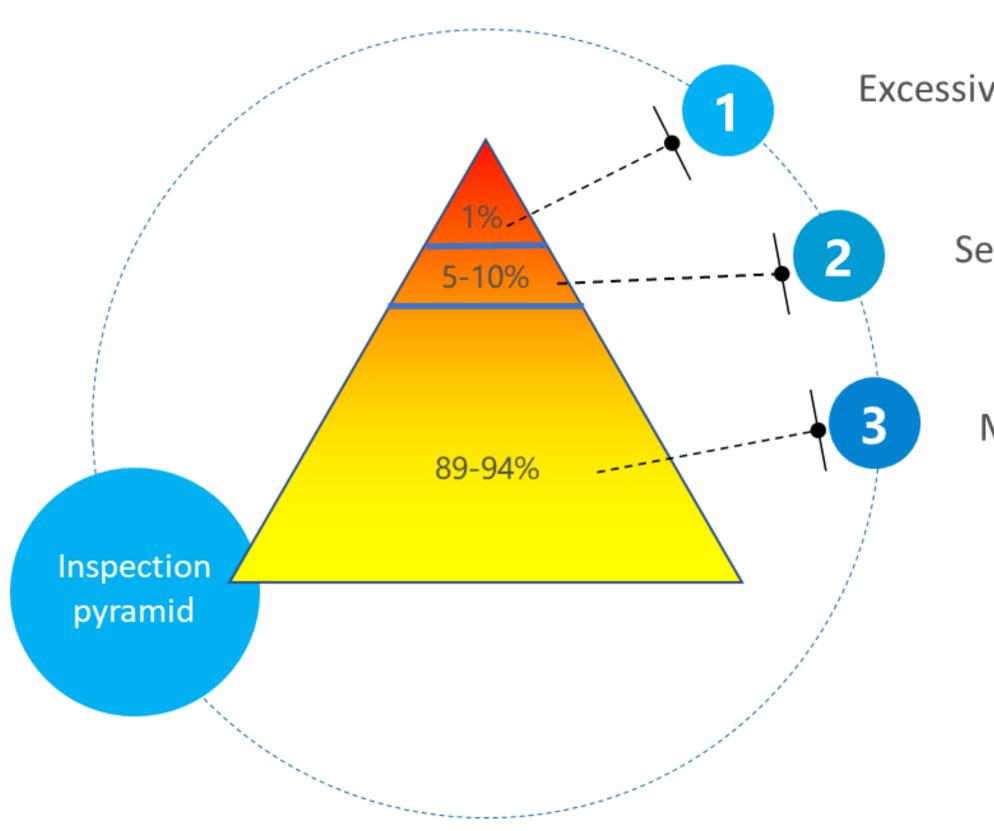
**CURRENT SOLUTIONS** 

## TMLs- Accessibility



# TMLs – Inspection frequency

**CURRENT SOLUTIONS** 



Excessive corrosion; min 4 inspection/yr

Server corrosion; 1 inspection/yr

Mildly and low corrosion; Every 5 yrs

NTRODUCTION CURRENT SOLUTIONS INDUCTOSENSE CASE STUDY FUTURE ROADMAP CONTACT

# Current solutions Manual UT (Majority)

#### **Manual UT:**

- Certified inspector
- Exposure to risk at hard access locations
- Less digitalized solution

#### **Potential error:**

- Transducer design, condition, calibration
- Measurement locations
- Couplant
- Data transfer





# Current solutions Robotics UT

#### **Robotics UT:**

- UT equipment as payload
- Reduce human exposure to risks
- Digitalized solution

#### **Limitations:**

- Same error as manual UT
- Most of platforms are limited to the uninsulated assets





It is estimated that uninsulated assets (e.g. piping, pressure vessels and tanks) comprises less than 10-20% of the entire fixed equipment population. Most fixed equipment in oil and gas is insulated.

# Current solutions Online monitoring solution

#### Online monitoring solution:

- UT equipment coupled with communication circuit
- Fixed location
- Fully digitalized solution

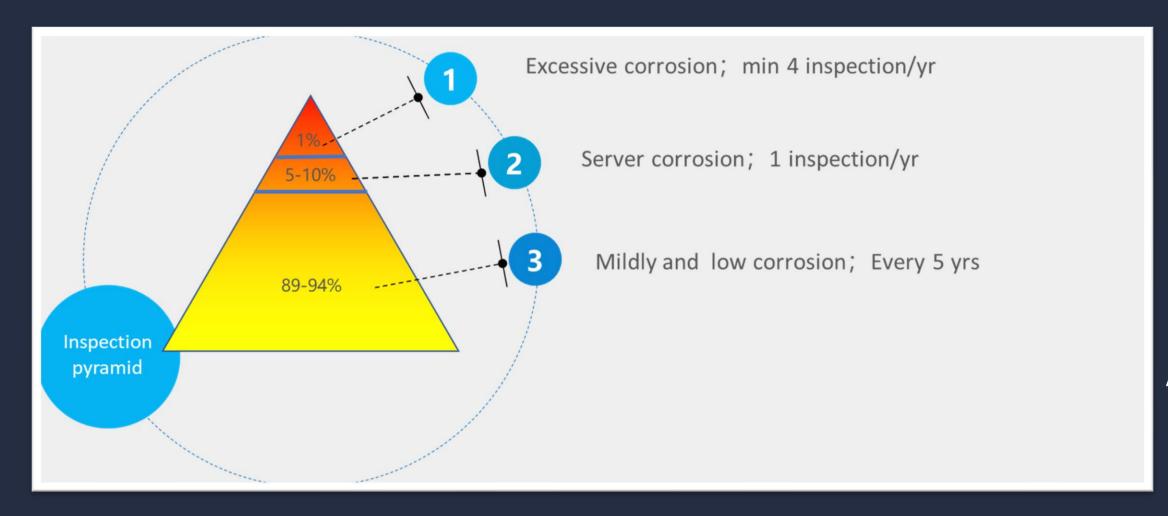
#### **Limitations:**

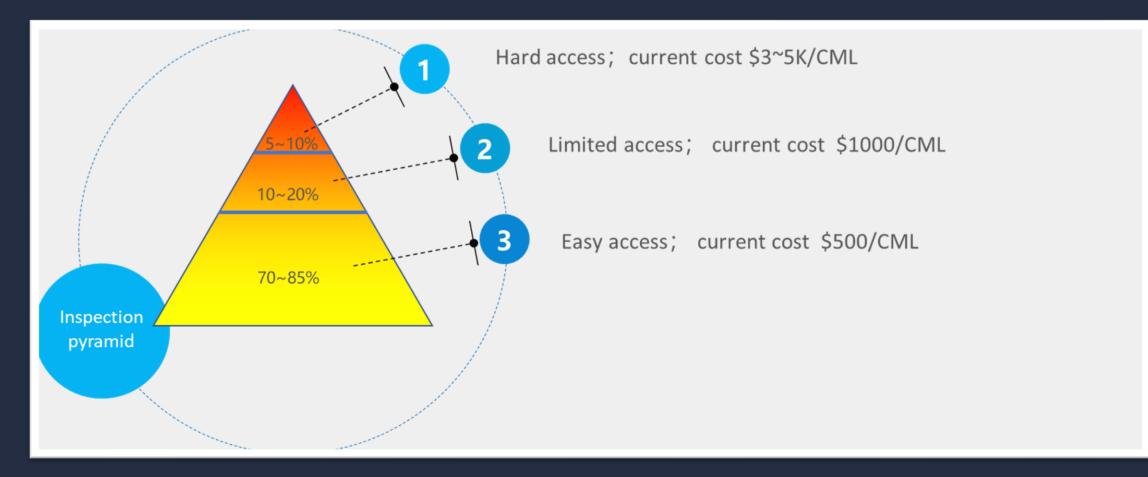
- Cost
- Network setup
- Large size with flame-proof enclosure



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## **Current solutions**





#### **Application Tier:**

- Tier 1: Online monitoring devices
- Tier 2: Robotics UT
- Tier 3: Manual UT

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**INDUCTOSENSE** 

**CASE STUDY** 

## **Current solutions**

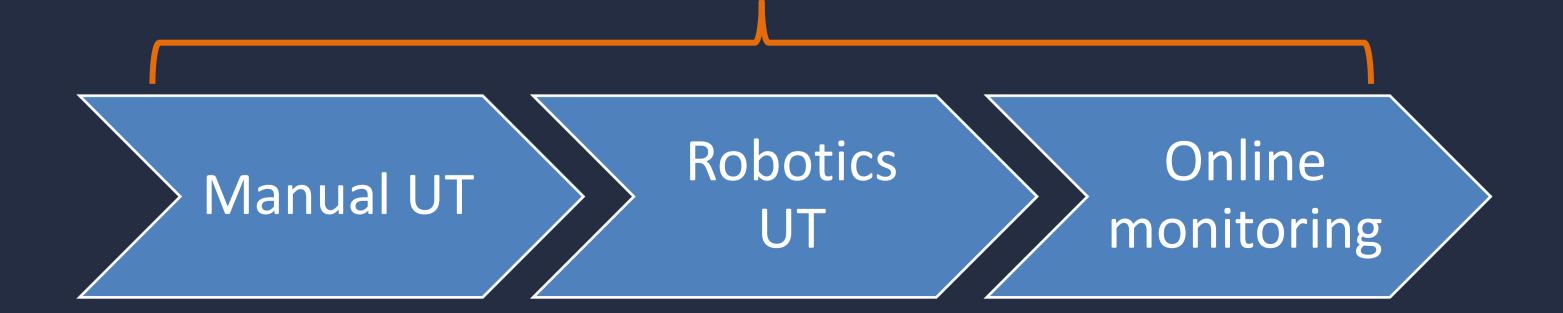
## Challenges

#### Discrete process:

- Location continuity
- Data type/formatting
- Calibration
- Thickness calculation method
- etc

#### Wish list:

- Easy to upgrade/downgrade
- Consistent data
- Cost-effective
- Can be integrated with the asset management software



### **WAND Sensors**

**CURRENT SOLUTIONS** 

### **Key Features**

WAND sensors are completely passive and generate repeatable wall thickness data free from human error

- Battery-free
- Thin & embeddable
- RFID tagged
- 65mm footprint
- -40°C up to 180°C, standard (-40°C up to 130°C)
- 10-year lifetime minimum\*
- ATEX/IECEx approved (Zone 0)



## **Data Collectors**

#### Handheld Data Collector

Handheld data collection probe designed to wirelessly activate and collect thickness readings from a single WAND sensor:

- Anyone can use the WAND –
   minimal training required
- Up to 4cm stand off

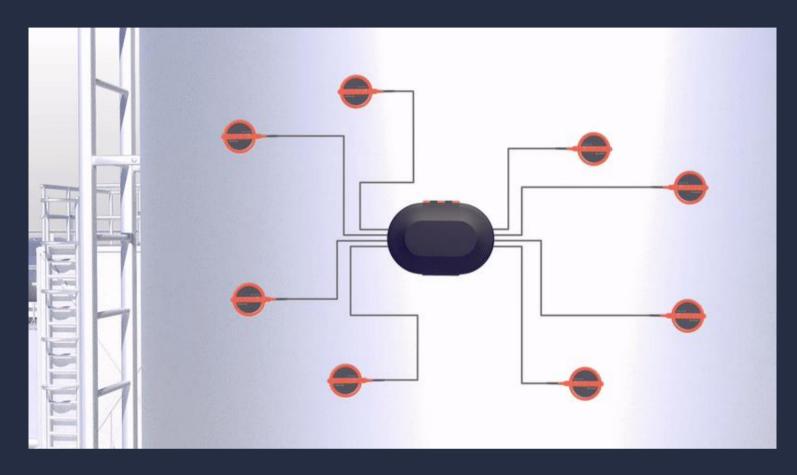


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## **Data Collectors** Remote Data Collector

#### Protection:

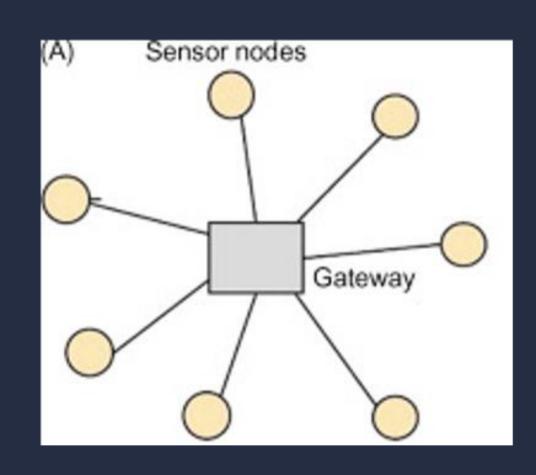
- The ATEX directives are two EU directives describing the minimum safety requirements for workplaces and equipment used in explosive atmospheres.
- Intrinsic Safety (IS) is an approach to the design of equipment going into hazardous areas. The idea is to reduce the available energy to a level where it is too low to cause ignition. Cheaper and light, difficult to design.
- Flameproof/Explosion proof: If heat or sparks from faulty equipment within the enclosure ignite flammable gas present with it the resulting explosion is contained within the enclosure. Expensive and heavy, easy to design.





- 1st 8 channel IS design
- IoT product of year, ELEKTRA 2022

# Data Collectors WAND-Gateway





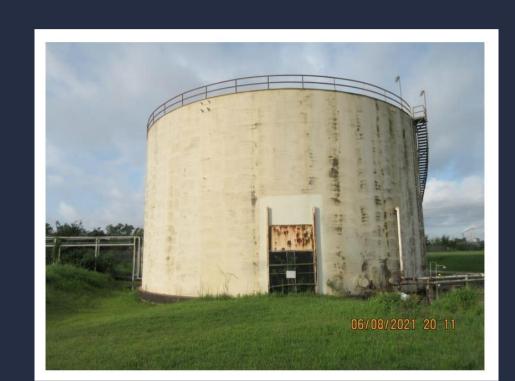


Point to Point Network:

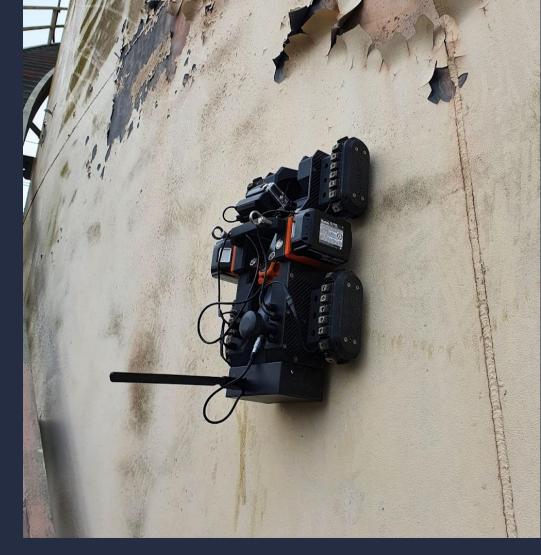
- BLE 5.0
- Flexible to upgrade

## WAND Crawler

- Refinery in Houston area
- Storage tank:
  - O Diameter: 93 ft
  - Height: 43ft
  - Shell type: butt welded
  - Fixed roof
  - Flaky coating

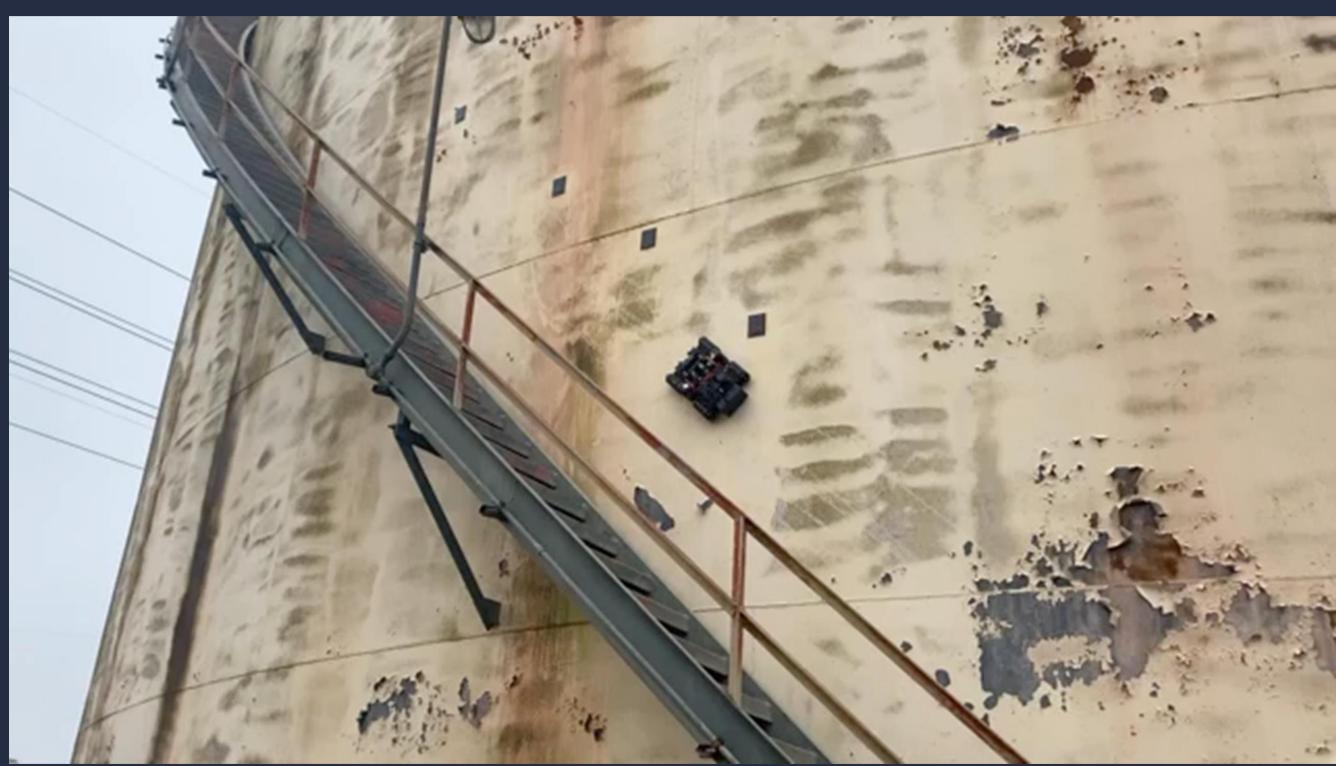


- Four sensors installed along the stairway
- Testing on shell:
  - Crawler performance
  - Data acquisition



# WAND Crawler





## WAND-Subsea Phase I

- ROV: Work class ROV
- Structure:
- ~200 meter depth
- Choke module
- 26 sensors installed on topside

- Testing:
- Stability
- Live signal feedback
- Practicality of taking readings









Prototype: Inductosense Subsea WAND system integrated with ROVs







WAND-Subsea

Phase 1: Proof of concept (TRL6 CRL4)

Phase 2: 18 months
Deepstar JIP started
with Petrobras and
Chevron







## WAND UAS Phase 1

- In door testing facility
- Structure:
- Three sensors installed insulated piping,
- Two on uninsulated piping,
- Three on an insulated vessel
- The sensors and extension cables were installed in various orientations; on vertical surfaces, and the top and bottom of horizontal ones.
- Testing:
- Stability
- Live signal feedbacks
- Practicality of taking readings











# Prototype: Inductosense WAND system integrated with UAVs



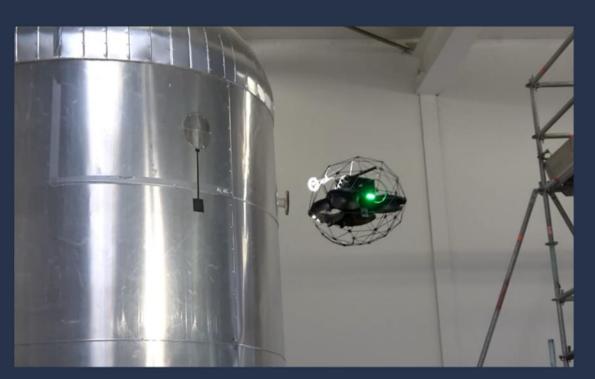


In collaboration with:









# WAND-UAS

Phase 1: Proof of concept (TRL6 CRL4)

Phase 2: Invite partners to JIP, aim to kick off Q4 2023

# WAND-UAS InTank application

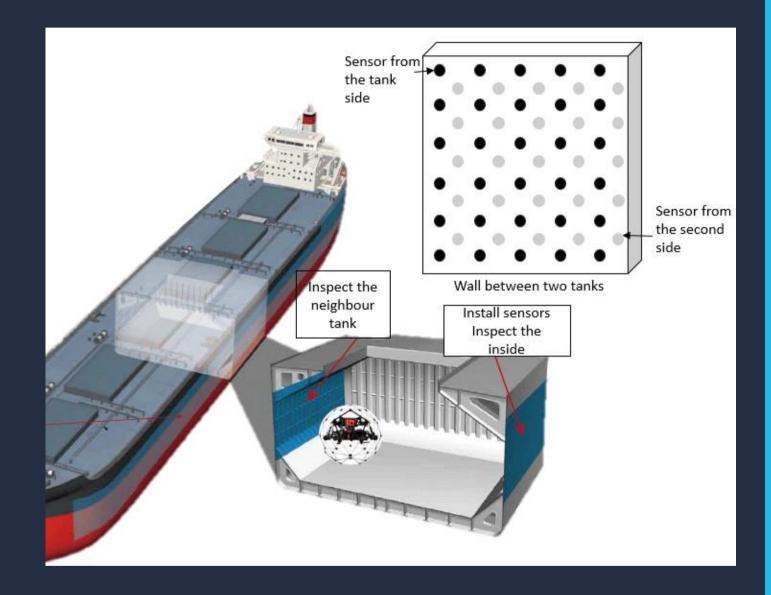
Monitoring: accurate results enable predictive maintenance and life extension

Faster inspection: no cleaning and quick contactless measurement reduce cost and exposure risks

Hard-access: no blind spot approach enables full robotics solutions

Digitalisation approach: RFID enables automatic traceability and data integration

Integrable: the sensors can be built in during the manufacture

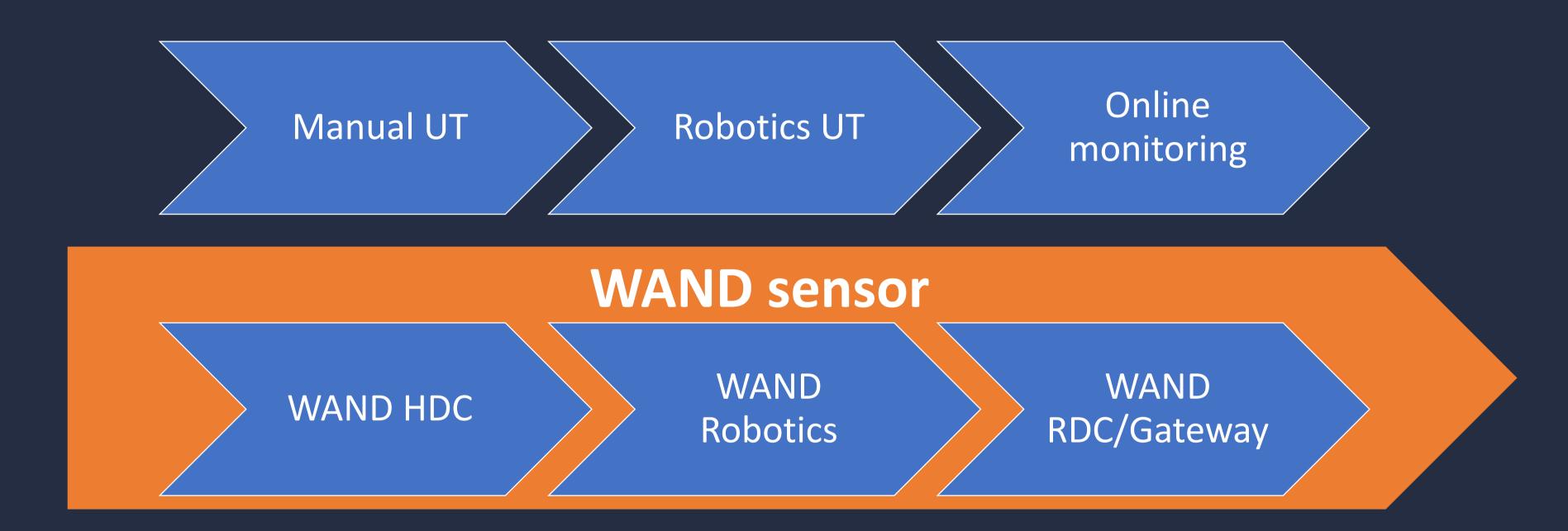








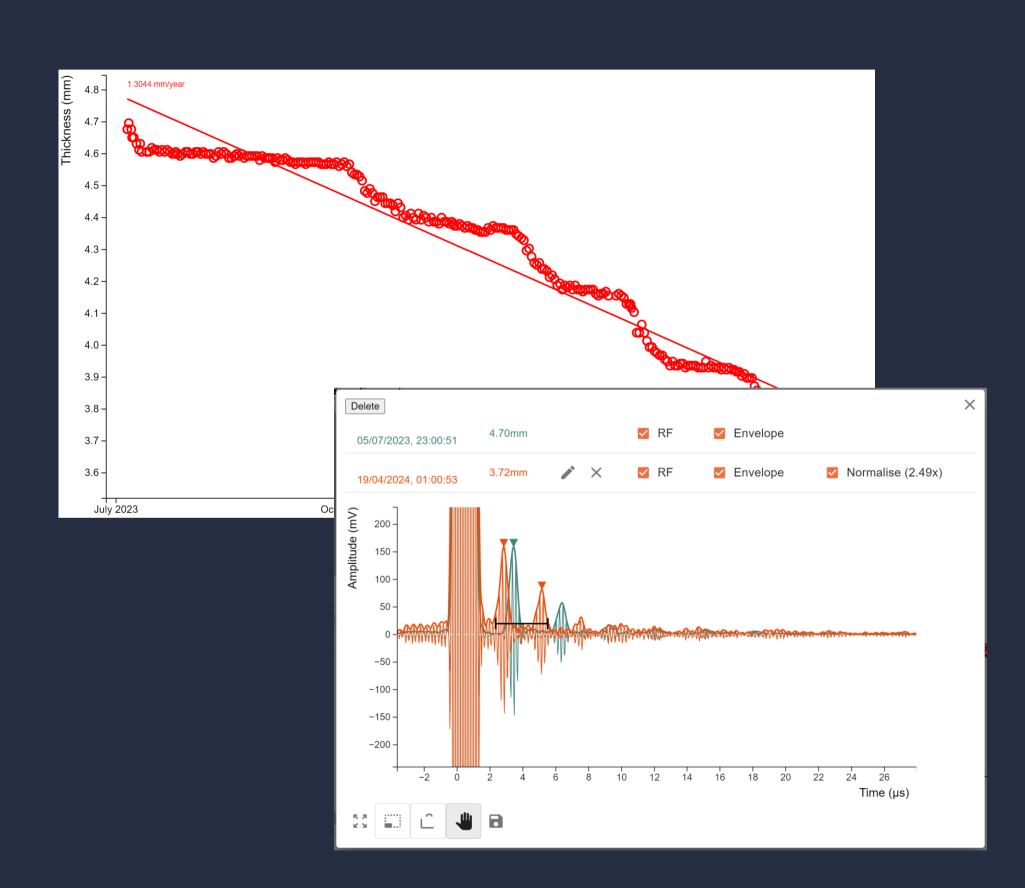
# Pathway to digitalization



- Easy to upgrade/downgrade
- Consistent data
- Cost-effective
- Can be integrate to the asset management software

# Pathway to digitalization – Cloud based software

- Provides enhanced data evaluation.
- Easy access to thickness data.
- Trending and analysis tools.
- Rate of wall loss
- Historical data analysis
- Configuration of WAND Devices.
- API for integration with business systems



**INTRODUCTION CURRENT SOLUTIONS CASE STUDY FUTURE ROADMAP** CONTACT

# Pathway to digitalization



WAND-UAS, RDC

HDC







In-Tank solution WAND-Subsea



## CO2 absorber

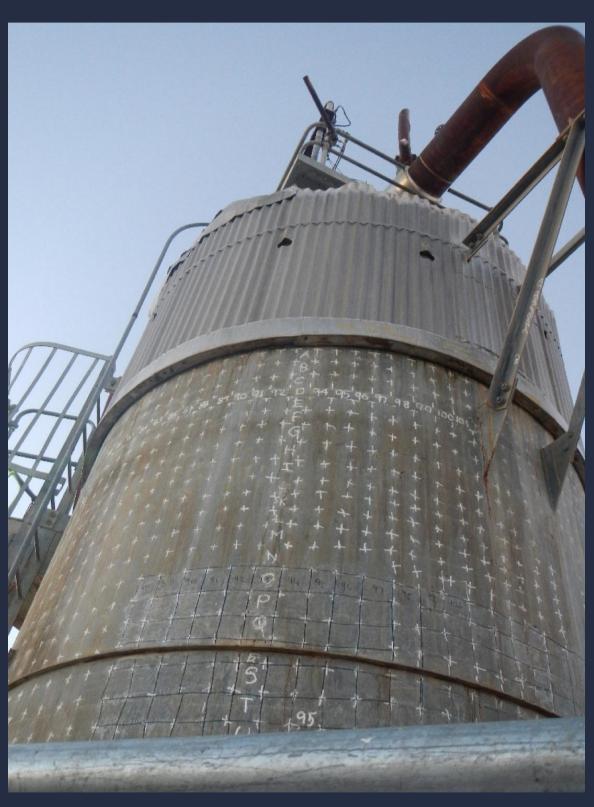
- CO2 Absorber
- Harsh environment, in the middle of a desert area
- 100 degrees C, UOP Benfield process

**CURRENT SOLUTIONS** 

 Short period 3mm per month corrosion has been found on certain area due to the poor wall wetting

$$CO_2 + H_2O \longleftrightarrow H_2CO_3$$

$$Fe + H_2CO_3 \rightarrow FeCO_3 + H_2$$





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## CO2 absorber



- 50 sensors installed with magnet and protected by coating
- Installation was carried out while the vessel was in service

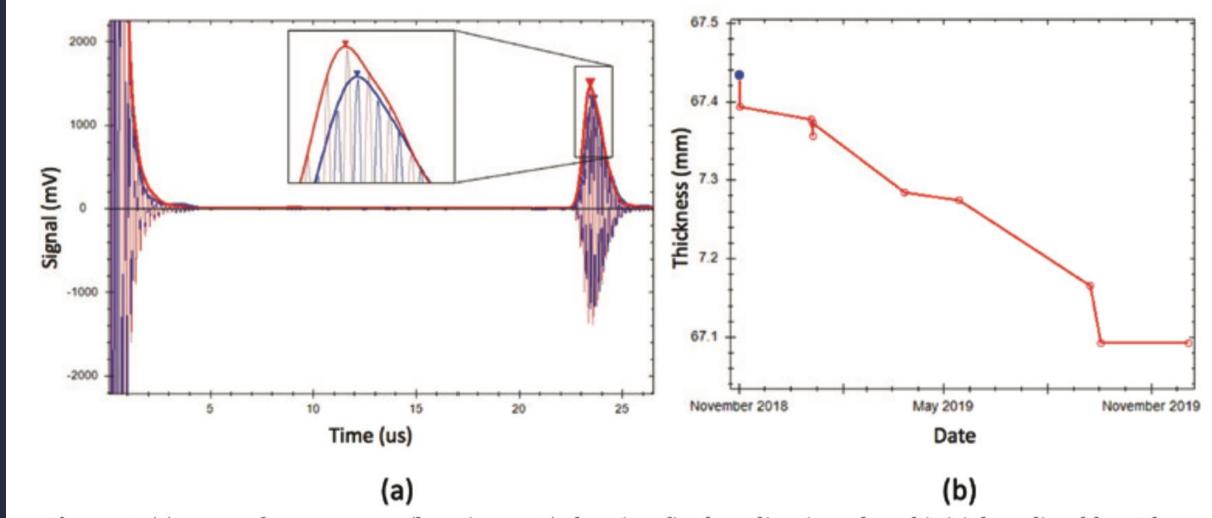
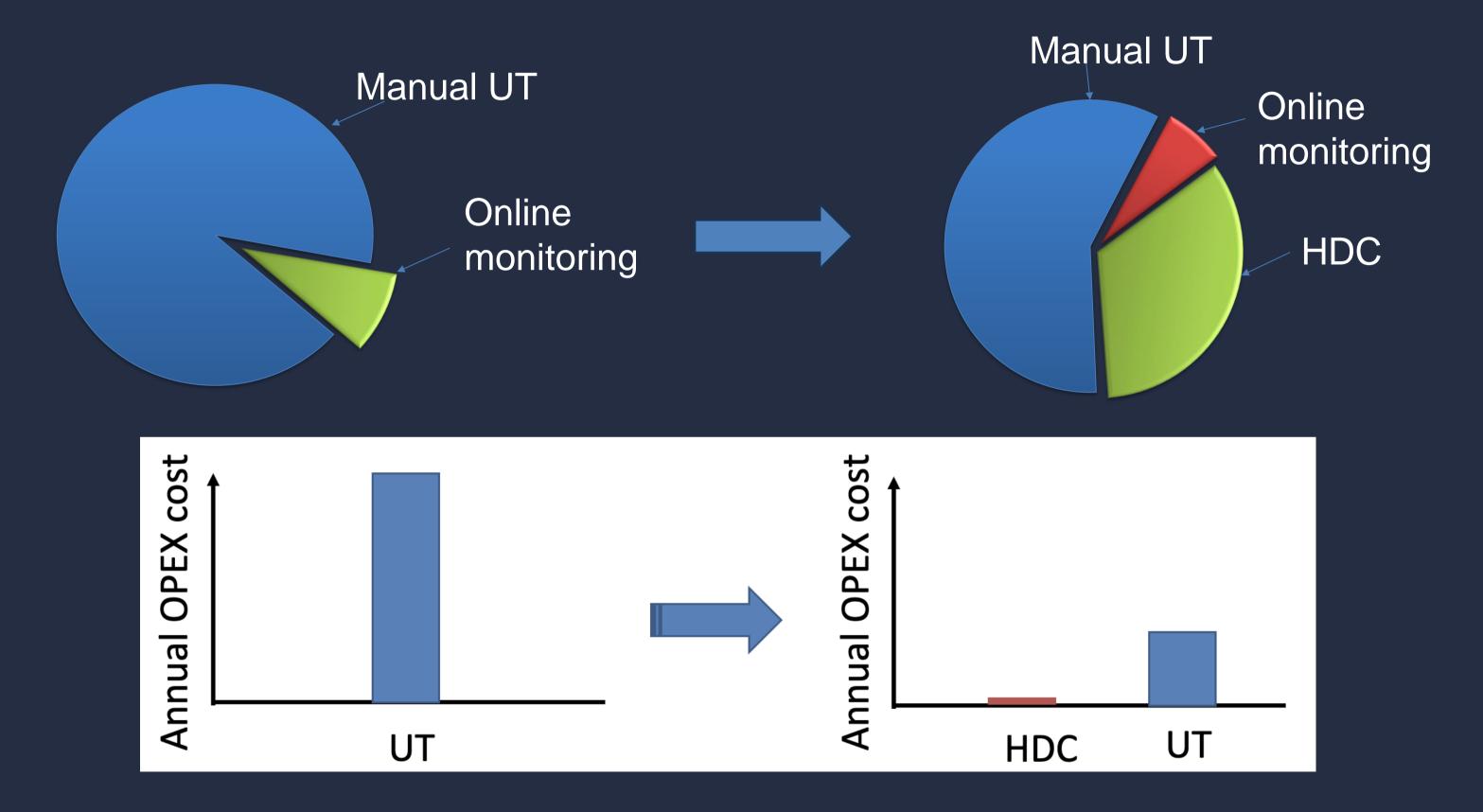


Figure 3. (a) A-scan from a sensor (location BI31) showing final reading in red, and initial reading blue. The waveform and envelope are plotted. A zoom in on the peaks is included. (b) Thickness trend over one-year period for the BI31 sensor.

#### Corrosion rate mapping

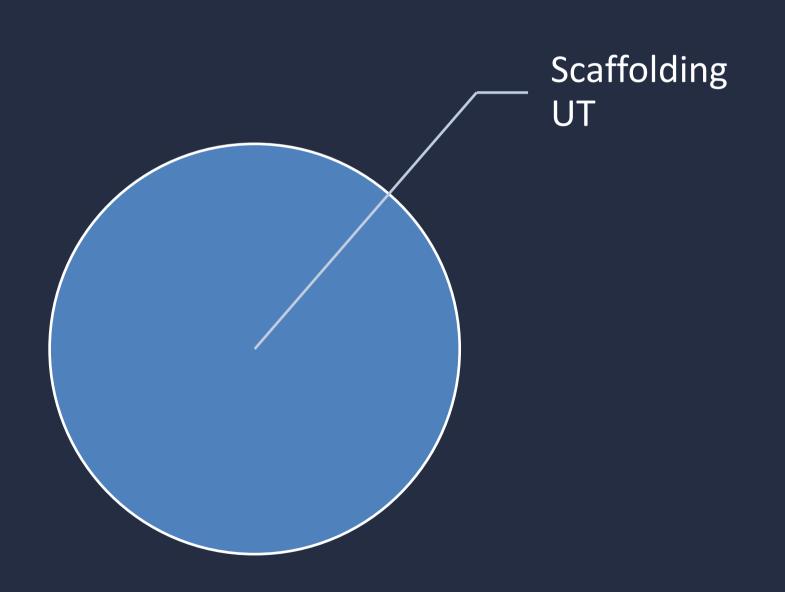
INTRODUCTION

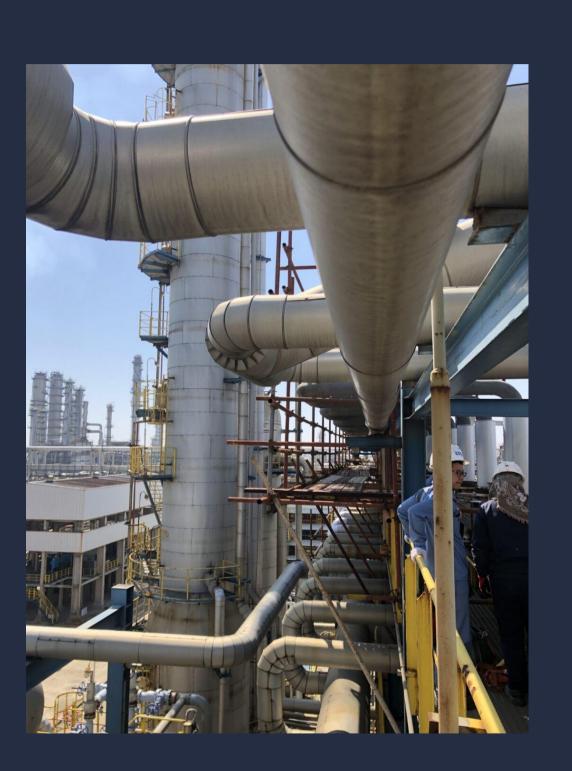
### CO2 absorber

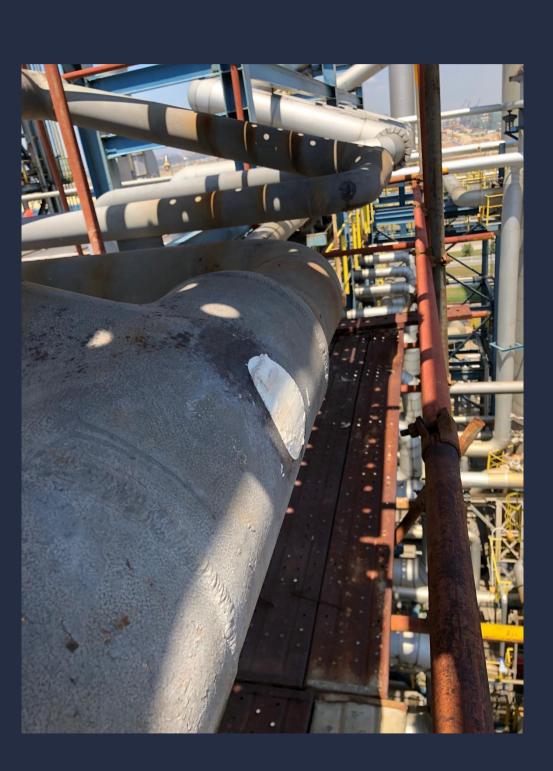


HDC have allowed the regular UT testing of the tower by rope access technicians to be extended or in some cases removed, significantly reducing OPEX costs

# Refinery overhead pipeline



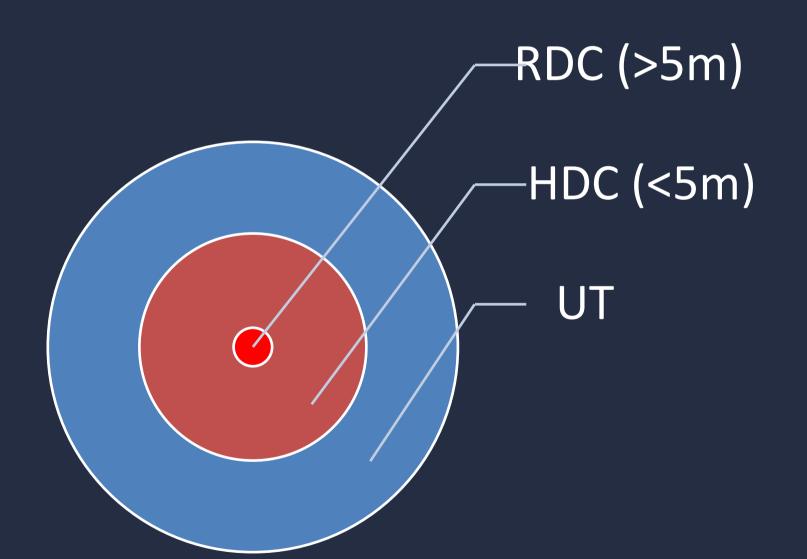


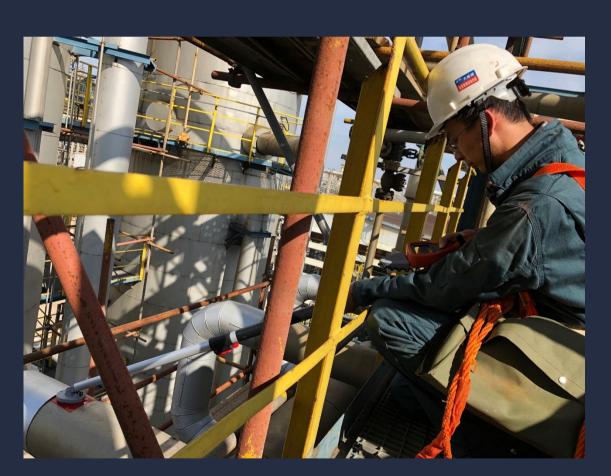


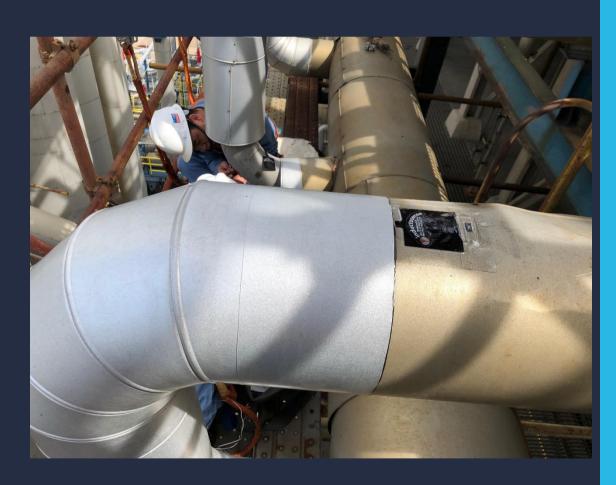
Scaffolding cost is 3X of inspection cost

# Refinery overhead pipeline

**CURRENT SOLUTIONS** 







752 locations with 20 RDCs, saving 1/3 access cost.

# Buried pipeline







Digging cost is 10X + of inspection cost

Eliminate digging cost

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## Riser

- Offshore, flowline
- High erosion rate identifed at the elbows of flowline
- Sensors installed on elbows





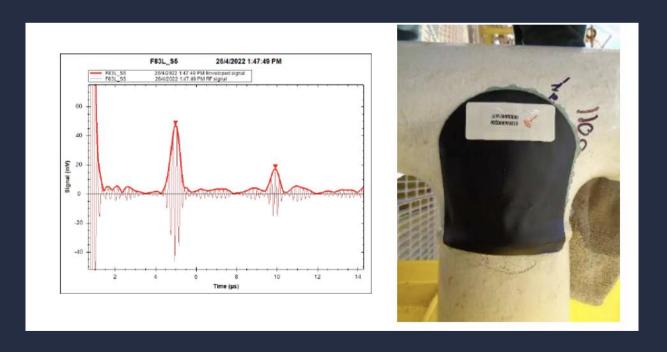
Representation of in-field data

WAND Manual UT INTRODUCTION CURRENT S

### Flowline

- 144 sensors were deployed in November 2021/April 2022 across a series of assets in the field.
- Application: Monitoring flow lines suffering from sand erosion.
- Three sets of data were collected from 2021-2023 where it showed stable thickness readings.
- 100% sensors performed as expected (repeatable data)
- Max erosion rate of 1.02 mm/yr have been detected and trended.





## Flowline

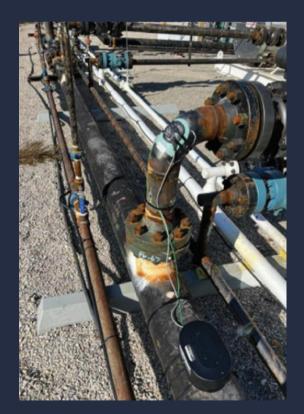
					Nov-21	Apr-22	May/June-23			
N0	Platform	WELL	Component	Accesibility	WAND Reading, mm	WAND Reading, mm	WAND Reading, mm	RFID	Sensor	Remarks
1			Tee	Low level	10.81	10.8	10.82	1D70		
			Equal Tee	Low level	8.31	7.79	7.79	17A3		
			Tee	Low level	15.74	15.73	15.75	1D71		
			Equal Tee	High level (accessible using Reach tool)	8.5	7.95	n/a	17A5		High Level
			Tee	Low level	n/a	7.76	7.76	1A7A		
2			Center Tee	Low level	15.08	15.05	15.00	1D7A		
			Equal Tee	Low level	14.72	14.67	14.63	1D7C		
			Equal Tee	Low level	15.08	15.04	n/a	1D7E		Accessible using Reach Tool
			Equal Tee	Low level	15.24	15.21	15.16	1D7D		
			Equal Tee	High level (accessible using Reach tool)	16.44	14.91	n/a	1D7B		Accessible using Reach Tool
3			Elbow	Low level	8.69	8.1	8.1	177A		
			Elbow	Low level	6.09	5.55	4.53	176B		
			Tee	Low level	9.34	8.74	8.74	177D		
			Tee	Low level	11.23	10.65	10.68	176C		
4			Reducer	Low level	12.73	12.18	12.20	17B0		
			Center Tee	Low level	12.35	11.76	11.74	17AE		
			Straight pipe	Low level	8.68	8.28	8.22	1D6F		
			Center Tee	Low level	10.29	9.73	9.74	179E		
6			Equal Tee	High level (accessible using Reach tool)	9.03	8.46	n/a	17A2		High Level
			Elbow	High level (accessible using Reach tool)	7.71	7.14	n/a	179F		High Level
			Elbow	High level (accessible using Reach tool)	8.09	7.54	n/a	1785		High Level
			Elbow	High level (accessible using Reach tool)	8.13	7.62	n/a	17A1		High Level
			Elbow				n/a			High Level
			Tee	High level (accessible using Reach tool)	7.77	7.25	7.33	1784		
			Reducer	Low level	n/a 12.14	7.48 11.6	11.6	1A7B 17B3		
			Tee	Low level	8.11	7.55	7.56	17B3		
7			Equal Tee	Low level	7.73	7.17	7.16	17B2		
			Equal Tee							
				High level (accessible using Reach tool)	8.61	8.08	8.11	17B1		
8.			Straight pipe	Low level	9.07	9.07	9.07	176D		Different sensor name detected.

## Increasing flow rates at shale gas well pad

- Remote shale gas well pad in Ohio, USA
- 54 sensors, 9 RDCs and 1 WAND-Gateway (4G)
- On sand traps and Gas processing units (GPUs)
- Goal: Precisely and remotely measure the effect of increased flow rates on the rate of sand erosion.







INTRODUCTION CURRENT SOLUTIONS INDUCTOSENSE CASE STUDY FUTURE ROADMAP CONTACT

## Increasing flow rates at shale gas well pad

#### Results:

- Enabled the safe increase of production rates
- Yielded accurate, daily erosion rates



- Figure 1: Thickness loss trend line over 2-month period.
- Orange section represents warning thickness set by the user.
- Red section is the endof-life thickness set by the user.

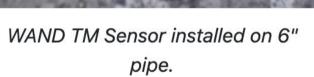
#### **Impact**

- Increased production rate by 50% -> Additional \$43,000/day
- Savings of 840 hours of NDT personnel work per month -> ROI within 1 month
- Minimised well downtime and prevented potential unplanned shutdowns
- Minimised maintenance through optimisation

# Corrosion system integration









Composite repair applied over sensor.



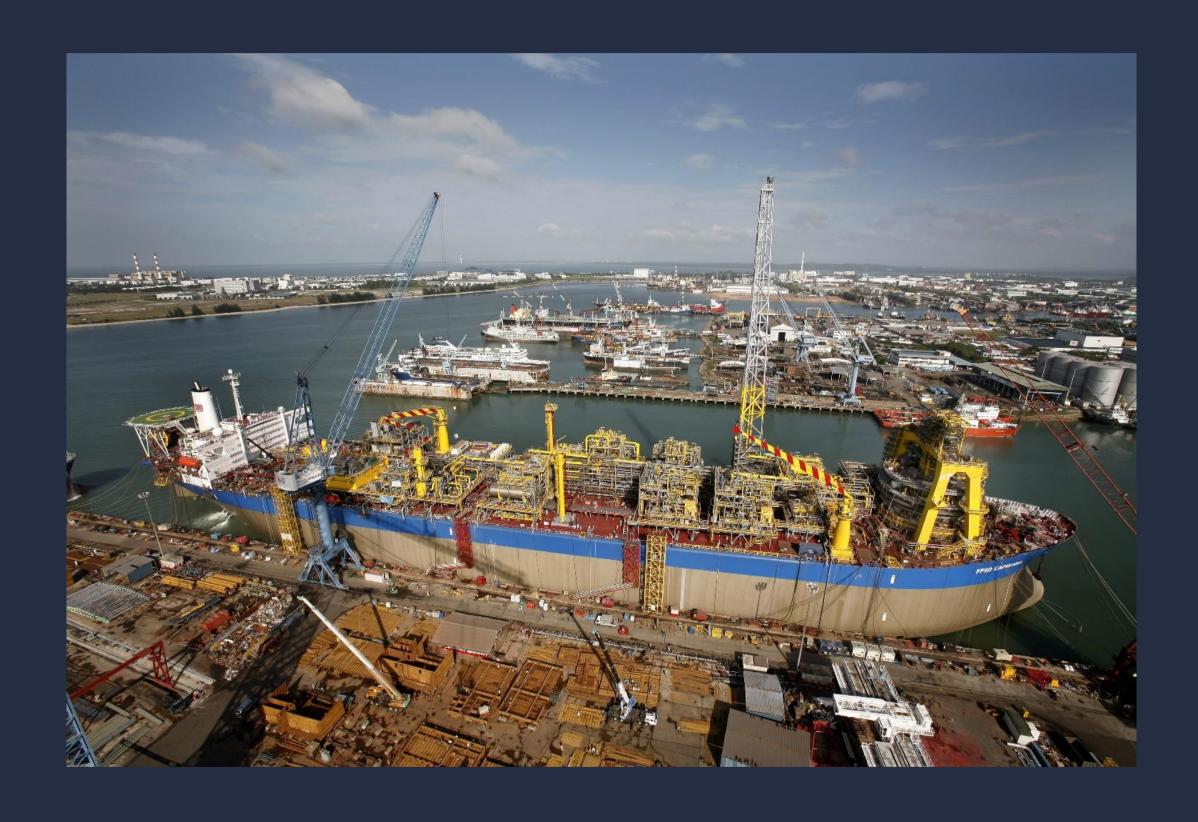
Pipe samples following pressure testing.





← Can easily detect thickness of steel through coating INTRODUCTION CURRENT SOLUTIONS INDUCTOSENSE CASE STUDY FUTURE ROADMAP CONTACT

# OEM integration







## Digitalization to NDE 4.0

**CURRENT SOLUTIONS** 

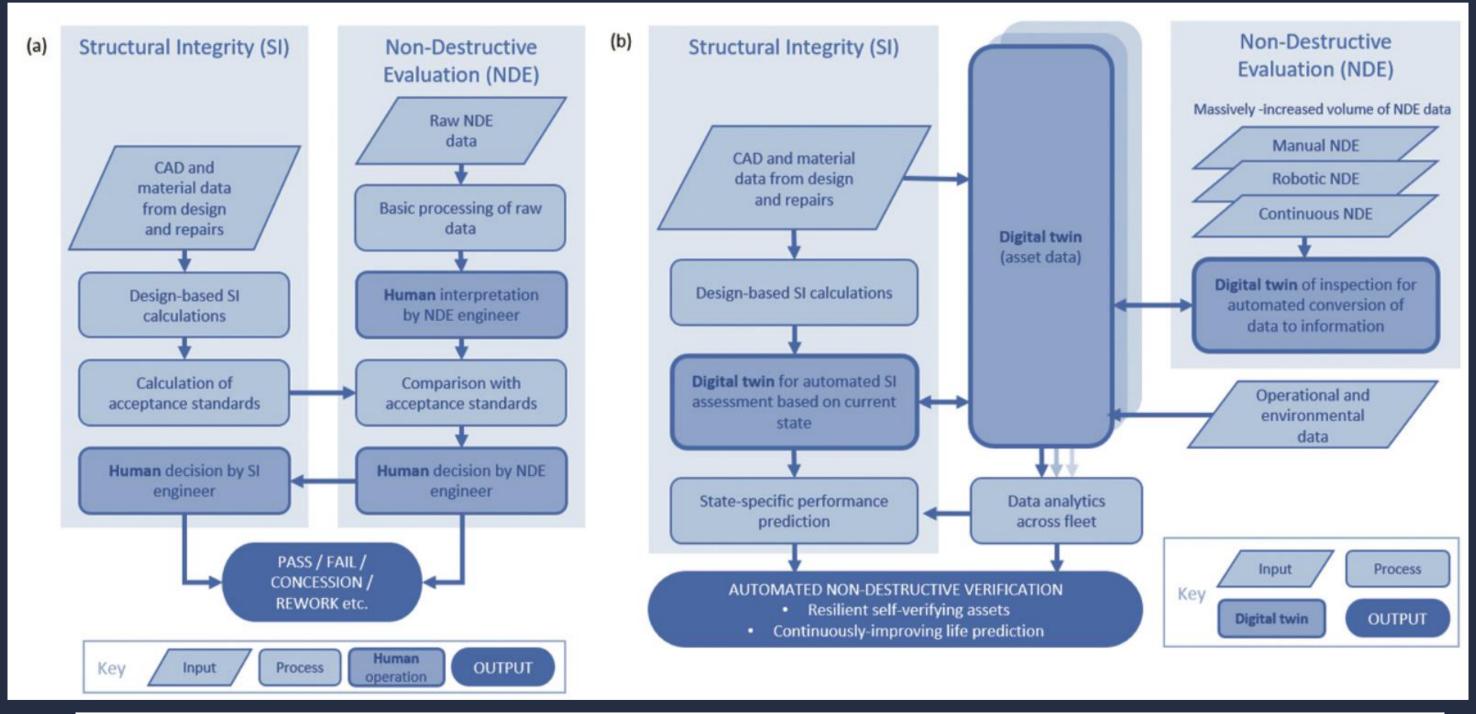


Figure 1. Schematic illustration of (a) the current standard NDE decision-making process about the fitness for purpose of an asset, compared with (b) the potential future state - Automated Nondestructive Integrity Verification (ANDIV) – where human inputs are moved to the processdesign and verification stages. Ref: Advances in the UK Toward NDE 4.0

## Get in Touch ...





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